



Operating Instructions IF2008 ETH

Interface module for

- sensors of the optoNCDT ILD1420 / ILD1900 / ILD2300 / ILD5500 series
- sensors of the optoNCDT ILR3800 series
- systems of the confocal 241x, 242x, 246x series
- systems of the interferoMETER IMS5x00 series
- systems of the optoCONTROL 2520, 2700 series

MICRO-EPSILON MESSTECHNIK
GmbH & Co. KG
Koenigbacher Str. 15

94496 Ortenburg / Germany

Tel. +49 (0) 8542 / 168-0
Fax +49 (0) 8542 / 168-90
info@micro-epsilon.com
www.micro-epsilon.com

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1. Safety

1.1 Symbols Used

System operation assumes knowledge of the operating instructions.

The following symbols are used in these operating instructions.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a situation that may result in property damage if not avoided.



Indicates a user action.

i

Indicates a tip for users.

Measurement

Indicates hardware or a software button/menu.

1.2 Warnings



Connect the power supply and the display / output device according to the safety regulations for electrical equipment.

- > Risk of injury
- > Damage to or destruction of the interface module.

The supply voltage must not exceed the specified limits.

- > Risk of injury
- > Damage to or destruction of the interface module.

NOTICE

Avoid shocks and impacts to the interface module.

- > Damage to or destruction of the interface module.

1.3 Notes on Product Marking

1.3.1 CE Marking

The following applies to the product:

- Directive 2014/30/EU ("EMC")
- Directive 2011/65/EU ("RoHS")

Products which carry the CE marking satisfy the requirements of the EU directives cited and the relevant applicable harmonized European standards (EN). The product is designed for use in industrial and laboratory environments.

The EU Declaration of Conformity and the technical documentation are available to the responsible authorities according to the EU Directives.

1.3.2 UKCA Marking

The following applies to the product:

- SI 2016 No. 1091 ("EMC")
- SI 2012 No. 3032 ("RoHS")

Products which carry the UKCA marking satisfy the requirements of the directives cited and the relevant applicable harmonized standards. The product is designed for use in industrial and laboratory environments.

The UKCA Declaration of Conformity and the technical documentation are available to the responsible authorities according to the UKCA Directives.

1.4 Intended Use

- The IF2008 ETH interface module is designed for use in industrial and laboratory applications. It is used to convert the Micro-Epsilon internal sensor protocol (RS422) to Ethernet.
- The IF2008 ETH interface module must only be operated within the limits specified in the technical data, [see 2](#).
- The IF2008 ETH interface module must be used in such a way that no persons are endangered or machines and other material goods are damaged in the event of malfunction or total failure of the controller.
- Take additional precautions for safety and damage prevention in case of safety-related applications.

1.5 Proper Environment

Protection class: IP65

Temperature range:

- Operation: 0 ... +50 °C (+32 ... +122 °F)
- Storage: +5 ... +50 °C (+41 ... +122 °F)

Humidity: 5 ... 95 % RH (non-condensing)

Ambient pressure: Atmospheric pressure

2. Technical Data

Model	IF2008/ETH
Speed ¹	Ethernet: 200 kHz data output
Supply voltage	11 ... 30 VDC
Power consumption	< 4 W with 24 VDC (without sensor)
Signal input	RS422 4x digital inputs (adjustable via software)
Digital interface ^{1 2}	Ethernet
Switching output	4x digital outputs (adjustable via software)
Connection	Sensors/encoders: 8 x 12-pin. socket; Ethernet: 4-pin. socket; Supply: 5-pin. socket; I/O: 12-pin. socket
Mounting	Screw connection via four mounting brackets
Temperature range	0 ... 80 °C (+32 ... +176 °F)
Storage	
Operation	0 ... 50 °C (+32 ... +122 °F)
Humidity	5 % RH ... 95 % RH (non-condensing)
Shock (DIN EN 60028-2-6)	15 g, 6 ms in 3 axes
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-27)	2 g, 20 ... 500 Hz
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)	IP65 (when all plugs are connected)
Compatibility ³	optoNCDT 1420, 1900, 2300, 5500
	optoNCDT ILR3800
	interferoMETER IMS5x00
	confocalDT 241x, 242x, 246x
	optoCONTROL 2520, 2700
Material	Die-cast aluminum
Weight	1700 g
Control and indicator elements	1 x LED for power status, 1 x LED for Ethernet status, 8 x LEDs for sensor/encoder status

1) The following applies to optoNCDT 2300 and optoNCDT 5500 sensors: Measuring rates > 30 kHz or output of several values per connected sensor require UDP communication.

2) Requires Micro-Epsilon MEDAQLib-DLL

3) Due to their increased power consumption, ILR3800-100-H sensors must be supplied with power independently. The cable art. No. 29011623 is intended for this purpose.

2.1 Mechanics and Environment

Temperature range:

- Operation: 0 ... +50 °C (+32 ... +122 °F)
- Storage: +5 ... +50 °C (+41 ... +122 °F)

Protection class: IP65 (When all plugs are connected.)

Dimensions: Interface module approx. 220 x 171 x 29, 1 mm
(outer dimensions incl. mounting brackets and connectors)

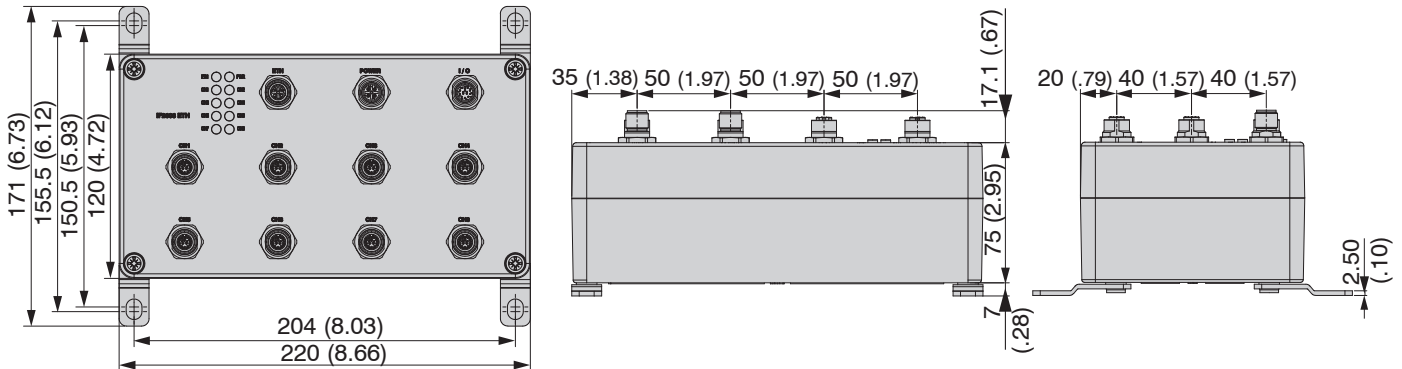


Fig. 1 Dimensional drawing for IF2008 ETH interface module in mm (inches, rounded off)

- Connections:
 - 1 flange socket, 4-pin, type Binder 09 3732 500 04 for Ethernet connection
 - 1 flange connector, 5-pin, type Binder 09 3441 600 05 for power connection
 - 1 flange connector, 12-pin, type Binder 09 3491 600 12 for I/O
 - 8 flange sockets, 12-pin, type Binder 09 3492 600 12 (channels 1-8) for sensor/encoder connection
- Status LEDs:
 - 1 LED for power status
 - 1 LED for Ethernet status
 - 8 LEDs for sensor/encoder status

2.2 Power Supply

- 11 ... 30 VDC power supply for interface module and sensors
 - Reverse polarity protection: yes
 - Galvanic isolation: no
- All GND signals are connected internally and with the housing.

2.3 Ethernet

- LAN interface 100 Mbit

2.4 Sensor/Encoder Interface

- The following sensor types can be connected:
 - optoNCDT ILD1420 / ILD1900 / ILD2300 / ILD5500
 - optoNCDT ILR3800
 - confocal IFC241x / IFC242x / IFC246x
 - optoCONTROL 2520, 2700
 - interferoMETER IMS5x00
- The following encoder types can be connected:
 - Power supply +5 VDC
 - RS422 interface with quadrature signals and reference mark

3. Delivery

3.1 Unpacking, Included in Delivery

1 IF2008 ETH interface module

1 Setup Guide

- ➡ Carefully remove the components of the interface module from the packaging and ensure that the goods are forwarded in such a way that no damage can occur.
- ➡ Check the delivery for completeness and shipping damage immediately after unpacking.
- ➡ If there is damage or parts are missing, immediately contact the manufacturer or supplier.

Optional accessories are available in the appendix, [see A 1](#).

Return of packaging

Micro-Epsilon Messtechnik GmbH & Co. KG offers customers the opportunity to return the packaging of products purchased from Micro-Epsilon by prior arrangement so that it can be reused or recycled.

To arrange the return of packaging, for questions about the costs and / or the exact return procedure, please contact us directly at

info@micro-epsilon.com

3.2 Storage

- Temperature range: +5 ... +50 °C (+41 ... +122 °F)
- Humidity: 5 ... 95 % RH (non-condensing)

4. Hardware

4.1 Connector Overview

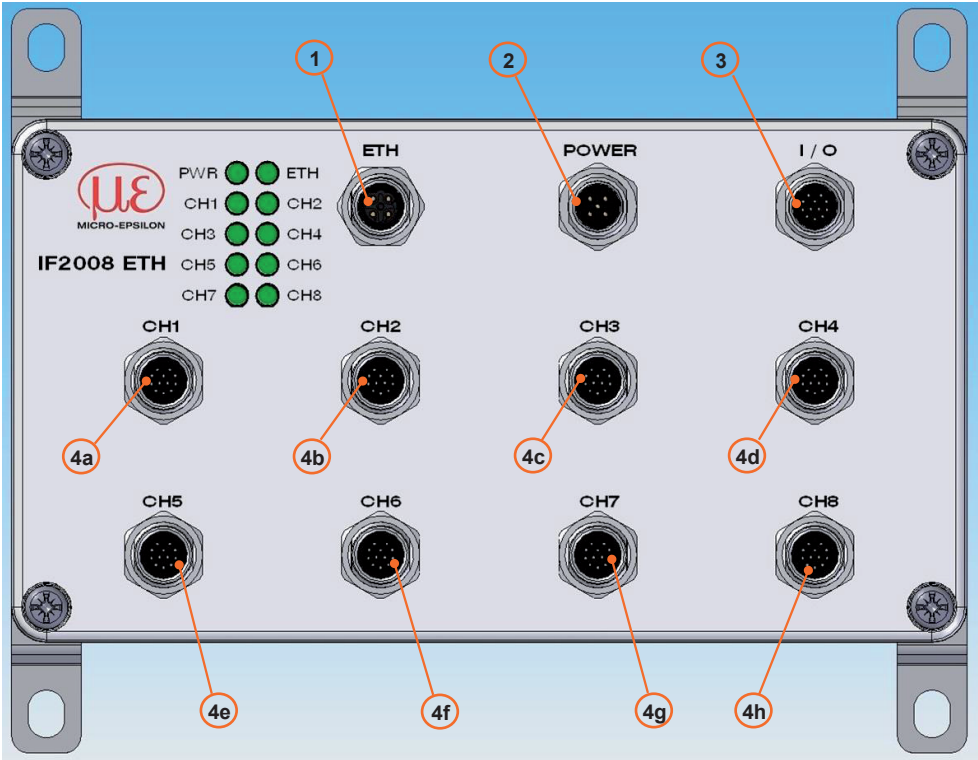


Fig. 2 Plug-in connections IF2008 ETH interface module

Connector	Description
①	Flange socket, 4-pin, type Binder 09 3732 500 04 for Ethernet connection
②	Flange connector, 5-pin, type Binder 09 3441 600 05 for power connection
③	Flange connector, 12-pin, type Binder 09 3491 600 12 for I/O connection
④a to ④h	Flange socket, 12-pin, type Binder 09 3492 600 12 for sensor/encoder connection

Fig. 3 Overview of plug-in connections

4.2 Pin Assignment

Pin assignments, see Fig. 3, are described in the following tables below, see Fig. 4 and subsequent:

Connector	Pin	Signal	Description
①	1	Ethernet Tx+	-
	2	Ethernet Rx+	-
	3	Ethernet Tx-	-
	4	Ethernet Rx-	-

Fig. 4 Pin assignment of Ethernet interface

We recommend the optionally available SCD2520-3 digital output cable, see A 1.

Connector	Pin	Wire color PC2008-5/M12	Function	Description
②	1	Brown	+24 VDC ¹	Power supply for interface module and sensors
	2	White	+24 VDC ¹	
	3	Blue	GND	
	4	Black	GND	
	5	Shield	Shield	1) Permissible supply voltage range 11 ... 30 V

Fig. 5 Pin assignment of power connection

We recommend the optionally available PC2008-5/12 supply cable, see A 1.

Connector	Pin	Wire color PC1171-x	Function	Description
③	1	Brown	External input 1	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	2	Blue	External input 2	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	3	White	External input 3	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	4	Green	External input 4	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	5	Pink	External output 1	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	6	Yellow	External output 2	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	7	Black	External output 3	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	8	Gray	External output 4	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V-
	9	Red	n.c.	-
	10	Violet	n.c.	-
	11	Gray/pink	Voltage output	LLL = +5 V, HLL = +24 V
	12	Red/blue	GND	-

Fig. 6 Pin assignment I/O interface

We recommend the optionally available PC1171-x supply and output cable, see A 1.

Connector	Pin	Signal IF2008 ETH	Signal ILD1420	Signal ILD1900	Signal ILD2300	Signal ILD5500
④a ④b ④c ④d ④e ④f ④g ④h	1	TRG+	n.c.	TRG+	TRG+	TRG+
	2	TRG-	n.c.	TRG-	TRG-	TRG-
	3	Tx+	Rx+	Rx+	Rx+	Rx+
	4	Tx-	Rx-	Rx-	Rx-	Rx-
	5	Rx+	Tx+	Tx+	Tx+	Tx+
	6	Rx-	Tx-	Tx-	Tx-	Tx-
	7	+24 VDC	+24 VDC	+24 VDC	+24 VDC and Laser on/off+	+24 VDC
	8	Laser on/off	Laser on/off	Laser on/off	Laser on/off-	Laser on/off
	9	Multi-function output	Multi-function input	Multi-function input	n.c.	Multi-function input
	10	ERROR input	ERROR output	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	11	+ VDC (only for encoder)	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	12	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND

Connector	Pin	Signal IF2008 ETH	Signal IFC24xx	Signal IFC2410/ IFC2415	Signal IMS5x00
4a 4b 4c 4d 4e 4f 4g 4h	1	TRG+	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	2	TRG-	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	3	Tx+	Rx+	Rx+	Rx+
	4	Tx-	Rx-	Rx-	Rx-
	5	Rx+	Tx+	Tx+	Tx+
	6	Rx-	Tx-	Tx-	Tx-
	7	+24 VDC	n.c.	+24 V	n.c.
	8	Laser on/off	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	9	Multi-function output	TRG+ (HLL)	TRG+ (HLL)	TRG+ (HLL)
	10	ERROR input	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	11	+ VDC (only for encoder)	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	12	GND	GND	GND	GND

Connector	Pin	Signal IF2008 ETH	Signal ILR3800	Signal ODC2520	Signal ODC2700
4a 4b 4c 4d 4e 4f 4g 4h	1	TRG+	n.c.	Sync+	TRG+
	2	TRG-	n.c.	Sync-	TRG-
	3	Tx+	Rx+	Rx+	Tx+
	4	Tx-	Rx-	Rx-	Tx-
	5	Rx+	Tx+	Tx+	Rx+
	6	Rx-	Tx-	Tx-	Rx-
	7	+24 VDC	+24 VDC	+24 V VDC	+24 V VDC
	8	Laser on/off	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	9	Multi-function output	Multi-function input	MFU	n.c.
	10	ERROR input	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	11	+ VDC (only for encoder)	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
	12	GND	GND	GND	GND

Fig. 7 Pin assignment sensor interface

Connector	Pin	Signal IF2008ETH	Signal Encoder
4a 4b 4c 4d 4e 4f 4g 4h	1	A+	A+
	2	A-	A-
	3	B+	B+
	4	B-	B-
	5	R+	R+
	6	R-	R-
	7	+24 VDC ¹	n.c.
	8	Laser on/off ¹	n.c.
	9	Multi-function output ¹	n.c.
	10	ERROR input ¹	n.c.
	11	+5 VDC	+5 VDC
	12	GND	GND

Fig. 8 Pin assignment encoder interface

1) Only for sensors

4.3 LED Overview

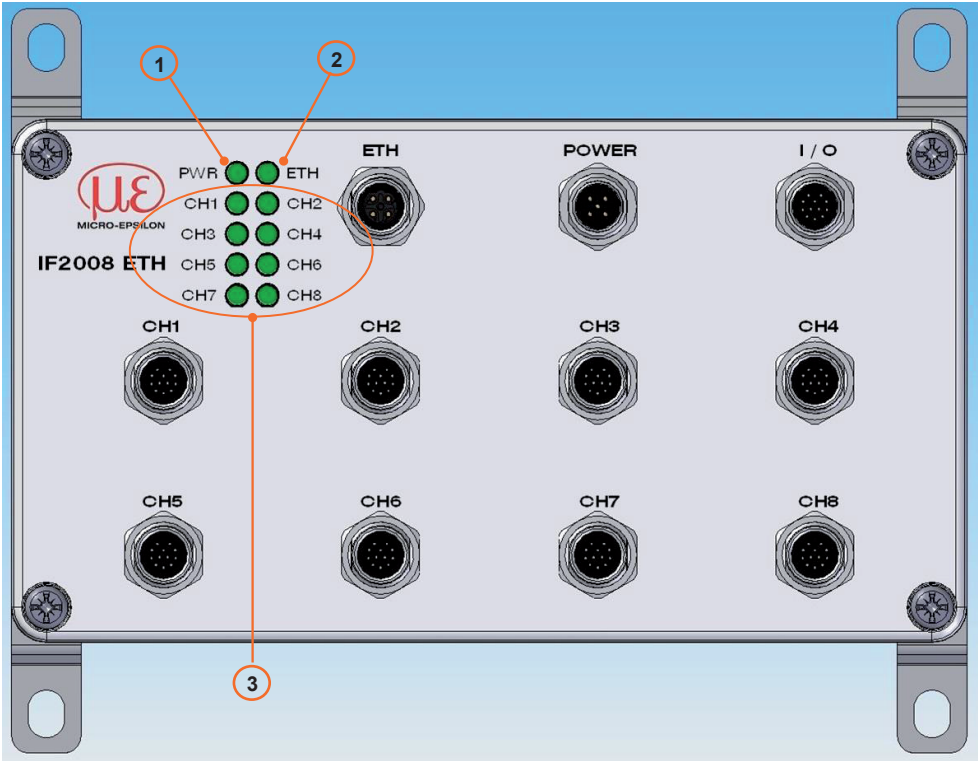


Fig. 9 Status LEDs IF2008 ETH interface module

LED	LED color	Description
①	Off	Power supply off
	Green	Interface module is ready for operation
	Orange	Interface module is in bootloader/flash mode
	Red	Initialization of the interface module
②	Off	No Ethernet connection
	Orange	Connection between PC and interface module (100 Mbps)
	Flashing	Data transmission between PC and interface module
③	Off	No sensor connected
	Green	No sensor/encoder selected
	Orange	Interface set for sensor
	Red	Interface set for sensor

Fig. 10 Description of multi-color status LED

5. Disclaimer

All components of the device have been checked and tested for functionality in the factory. However, should any defects occur despite careful quality control, these shall be reported immediately to Micro-Epsilon or to your distributor / retailer.

Micro-Epsilon undertakes no liability whatsoever for damage, loss or costs caused by or related in any way to the product, in particular consequential damage, e.g., due to

- non-observance of these instructions/this manual,
- improper use or improper handling (in particular due to improper installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance) of the product,
- repairs or modifications by third parties,
- the use of force or other handling by unqualified persons.

This limitation of liability also applies to defects resulting from normal wear and tear (e.g., to wearing parts) and in the event of non-compliance with the specified maintenance intervals (if applicable).

Micro-Epsilon is exclusively responsible for repairs. It is not permitted to make unauthorized structural and / or technical modifications or alterations to the product. In the interest of further development, Micro-Epsilon reserves the right to modify the design and the firmware.

In addition, the General Terms of Business of Micro-Epsilon shall apply, which can be accessed under Legal details | Micro-Epsilon <https://www.micro-epsilon.com/legal-details/>.

6. Service, Repair

If the interface module is defective, please send us the affected parts for repair or exchange.

If the cause of a fault cannot be clearly identified, please send the entire system including cables to:

MICRO-EPSILON MESSTECHNIK
GmbH & Co. KG
Koenigbacher Str. 15
94496 Ortenburg / Germany

Tel. +49 (0) 8542 / 168-0
Fax +49 (0) 8542 / 168-90
info@micro-epsilon.com
www.micro-epsilon.com

7. Decommissioning, Disposal

In order to avoid the release of environmentally harmful substances and to ensure the reuse of valuable raw materials, we draw your attention to the following regulations and obligations:

- Remove all cables from the sensor and/or controller.
- Dispose of the sensor and/or the controller, its components and accessories, as well as the packaging materials in compliance with the applicable country-specific waste treatment and disposal regulations of the region of use.
- You are obliged to comply with all relevant national laws and regulations.

For Germany / the EU, the following (disposal) instructions apply in particular:

- Waste equipment marked with a crossed garbage can must not be disposed of with normal industrial waste (e.g. residual waste can or the yellow recycling bin) and must be disposed of separately. This avoids hazards to the environment due to incorrect disposal and ensures proper recycling of the old appliances. 
- A list of national laws and contacts in the EU member states can be found at https://ec.europa.eu/environment/topics/waste-and-recycling/waste-electrical-and-electronic-equipment-weee_en.
Here you can inform yourself about the respective national collection and return points.
- Old devices can also be returned for disposal to Micro-Epsilon at the address given in the legal details at <https://www.micro-epsilon.com/legal-details/>.
- We would like to point out that you are responsible for deleting the measurement-specific and personal data on the old devices to be disposed of.
- Under the registration number WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE28605721, we are registered at the foundation Elektro-Altgeräte Register, Nordostpark 72, 90411 Nuremberg, as a manufacturer of electrical and/or electronic equipment.

Appendix

A 1 Optional Accessories

Name	Description	Article Number
PC2008-5/M12 power supply cable, 5m	Power supply cable; M12 on one side, socket, one side open ends, 5-pin, A-coded, suitable for use with robots and drag chains, 5 m long	29011310
SCD2520-3 digital output cable, 3 m long	Digital output cable, 3 m long to connect an Ethernet/EtherCAT interface, angled 4-pin M12 plug on one side, RJ45 plug on other side, 3 m long	2901925
PCE1420-3/M12 sensor cable extension, 3 m	Sensor extension cable for ILD1420 in connection with IF2008/ETH, length 3 m, one side with 12-pole socket overmolded one side with 12-pole plug type Binder series 713, drag-chain suitable	29011146
PCE1900-3/M12 sensor cable extension, 3m	Power supply and output cable for connecting an ILD1900 to the IF2008/ETH	29011326
PCE2300-3/M12 extension cable, 3 m	Power supply and output cable to connect an ILD2300 on the IF2008/ETH, 3 m long	29011279
PCE2520-3/M12 supply and output cable, 3 m	Supply and output cable, 3 m, to connect an ODC2520 to the IF2008/ETH	29011343
PCE2700-3/M12 supply and output cable, 3 m	Supply and output cable, 3 m, to connect an ODC2700 to the IF2008/ETH	29011541
SC2471-3/IF2008ETH connector cable, 3 m	Connection cable to connect a confocal IFC 24xx controller, 3 m long	29011145
	Connector cable between IMC5400/5600 and IF2008/ETH, length 3 m	
PCE2250-3/IF2008ETH connecting cable 3m	Connecting cable between ILR2250-100 and IF2008/ETH, Length 3m	29011398
PCE3800-x/IF2008ETH connection cable x m long	Connection cable between ILR3800 and IF2008/ETH, lengths 2 m, 5 m, 10 m	29011620 29011621 29011622
PCE3800-10/IF2008ETH Y-connection cable 10 m long	For the heating sensors with separate power supply, length 10 m	29011623
PCF1420-3/I supply and output cable, 3 m long	PCF1420-3/I supply and output cable, 3 m long	29011067
PC1171-x supply and output cable	IO interface connection cable; supply/output cable; for optoNCDT ILR series 1171; lengths 2 m, 5 m, 10 m straight connector; M12 plug 12-pin; 2 m, 5 m, 10 m long with open ends (not tin-plated)	29011401 29011402 29011403

A 2 ASCII Communication with Sensor

Command port 23 protocol (Telnet)

A 2.1 Commands Overview

Group	Chapter	Command	Short info
General			
	Information		
	Chap. A 2.2.1.1	GETINFO	IF2008/ETH information
	Chap. A 2.2.1.2	GETINFO n	Sensor information
	Chap. A 2.2.1.3	PRINT	Parameter overview
	Interfaces		
	Chap. A 2.2.2.1	IPCONFIG	Ethernet settings
	Chap. A 2.2.2.2	MEASTRANSFER	Setting measurement server
	Chap. A 2.2.2.3	MEASCNT ETH	Size of TCP / IP packets
	Chap. A 2.2.2.4	LANGUAGE	Language webinterface
	Chap. A 2.2.2.5	CHANNELMODE	Operating mode
	Timer		
	Chap. A 2.2.3.1	TIMERFREQUENCY n	Timer frequency
	Chap. A 2.2.3.2	TIMERPULSEWIDTH	Timer pulse width
	Parameter management		
	Chap. A 2.2.4.1	STORE	Save parameters
	Chap. A 2.2.4.2	READ	Read parameters
	Chap. A 2.2.4.3	SETDEFAULT	Factory settings
	Chap. A 2.2.4.4	RESET	Restarting IF2008/ETH
Sensor			
	Settings		
	Chap. A 2.3.1.1	BAUDRATE	Sensor channel baudrate
	Chap. A 2.3.1.2	LASERPOW	Sensor laser outputs
	Chap. A 2.3.1.3	TRIGGEROUTPUT	Trigger outputs
	Functions		
	Chap. A 2.3.2.1	SENSORERROR	Sensor error inputs
	Chap. A 2.3.2.2	TUNNEL n `` . . . ``	Tunneling sensor commands
	Chap. A 2.3.2.3	TUNNEL n ...	Tunneling sensor commands
Encoder			
	Settings		
	Chap. A 2.4.1.1	ENCINTERPOL	Encoder interpolation type
	Chap. A 2.4.1.2	ENCREF	Encoder behavior at reference
	Chap. A 2.4.1.3	ENCVALUE	Encoder default value
	Chap. A 2.4.1.4	ENCDIR	Encoder counting direction
		ENCTRIGGERMIN	Encoder lower limit value
		ENCTRIGGERMAX	Encoder upper limit value
		ENCTRIGGERPULSEWIDTH	Encoder pulse width
		ENCTRIGGERSTART	Encoder start
		ENCTRIGGERSTEPSIZE	Encoder step size
	Chap. A 2.4.1.5	ENCLATCHSRC	Encoder detection source
	Functions		
	Chap. A 2.4.2.1	ENCSET	Set encoder value
	Chap. A 2.4.2.2	ENCRESET	Reset reference marks
	Chap. A 2.4.2.3	ENCCLEAR	Rest encoder
	Chap. A 2.4.2.4	GETENVALUE	Query encoder value
	Chap. A 2.4.2.5	GETENCREF	Query reference counter

Digital I/O			
	General		
	Chap. A 2.5.1.1	EXTLEVEL	Digital logic
	Schalteingänge		
	Chap. A 2.5.2.1	EXTINLATCHSRC	Digital inputs detection source
	Chap. A 2.5.2.2	GETEXTINPUT	Query digital inputs
	Chap. A 2.5.2.3	EXTINPUTMODE1	Programming digital input 1
	Chap. A 2.5.2.4	EXTINPUTMODE2	Programming digital input 2
	Chap. A 2.5.2.5	EXTINPUTMODE3	Programming digital input 3
	Schaltausgänge		
	Chap. A 2.5.3.1	EXTOUTSRC	Programming digital outputs

A 2.2 General Commands

A 2.2.1 Information

A 2.2.1.1 IF2008/ETH Information

GETINFO

Controller data are queried. Output as per example below:

```
->GETINFO
Name:          IF2008ETH
Serial:        17000000
Option:        000
Article:       2213030
MAC-Address:   00-0C-12-02-04-3F
FPGA-Version:  16
MAC-Address:   7480
Boot-Version:  0.1.01
Version:       0.0.08
->
```

A 2.2.1.2 Sensor Information

GETINFO n

n = 0 ... 8

Outputs the corresponding sensor's information.

n = 0: Information for all sensors

A 2.2.1.3 Parameter Overview

PRINT [ALL]

- No parameter: This command outputs a list of all setting parameters and its values.
- ALL: This command outputs a list of all setting parameters and their values, as well as additional information, such as GETINFO.

A 2.2.2 Interfaces

A 2.2.2.1 Ethernet Settings

IPCONFIG DHCP|STATIC [<IPAdresse> [<Netmask> [<Gateway>]]]

Setting of the Ethernet interface.

- DHCP: If no DHCP server is available, a link-local address is searched for after approx. 30 seconds.
- STATIC: Sets an IP address, the net mask and the gateway in IPv4 format as xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

If the IP address, net mask and/or gateway are not stated, their values remain unchanged.

A 2.2.2.2 Setting Measurement Server

MEASTRANSFER SERVER/TCP [<PORT>]

Measured value output currently only on TCP server.

- The port is freely selectable between 1024 and 65535.

A 2.2.2.3 Size of TCP / IP Packets

MEASCNT_ETH <TupelCnt>

- Specifies the number of data tuples that are transmitted in one Ethernet packet. A data tuple consists of an address byte and a data byte. The format is described in Appendix, see A 2.6.
- 0: The number of data tuples is determined automatically to allow an Ethernet packet to be sent every 10 ms on average.
- 1 ... 716: Number of data tuples in an Ethernet packet. If the packets cannot be sent quickly enough, this value is exceeded.

A 2.2.2.4 Language Webinterface

LANGUAGE_BROWSER|ENGLISH|GERMAN

Language of the displayed web pages

- BROWSER: The display language is determined by the web browser.

A 2.2.2.5 Operating Mode

CHANNELMODEn NONE|SENSOR|ENCODER

n = 1..8 for the sensor /encoder channels 1 to 8.

Channels can be switched between sensor or encoder mode.

- NONE: Channel is deactivated.
- SENSOR: The channel is configured to record sensor data.
- ENCODER: The channel is configured for encoder operation.

A 2.2.3 Timer

A 2.2.3.1 Timer Frequency

TIMERFREQUENCYn <Frequency>

n = 1 ... 3 for the timers 1 to 3

Defining the frequency of the internal timer

The frequency can be freely adjusted from 0.1 Hz to 12 MHz (in Hz with three decimal places). The IF2008/ETH internally selects the next possible frequency which is supported.

A 2.2.3.2 Timer Pulse Width

`TIMERPULSEWIDTHn <Pulsewidth>`

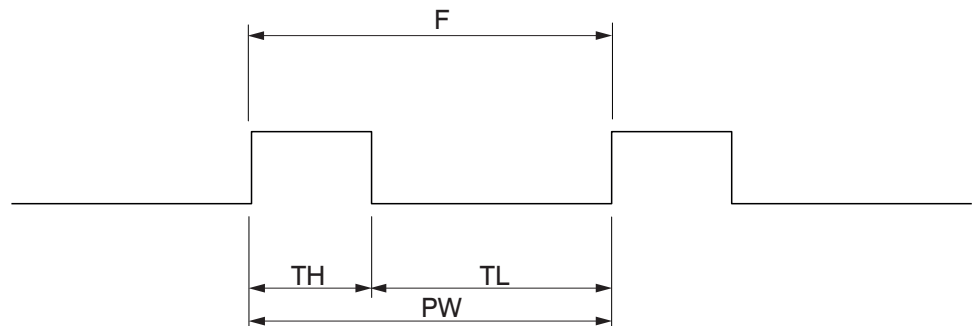
$n = 1 \dots 3$ for the timer 1 to 3

Pulse width modulation of a timer cycle.

Determines the pulse width modulation of the timer signal; that is, the ratio of high to low portions of the timer signal in percent.

Pulse width modulation can be set between 0 (0 %) and 1 (100 %). Three decimal points are permitted. Internally, IF2008/ETH selects the next possible supported pulse width modulation.

A pulse width modulation of 0.5 means that the high and low portions of the timer signal have the same lengths. A pulse width modulation greater than 0.5 means that the high portion of the timer signal is longer than the low portion. A pulse width modulation smaller than 0.5 means that the high portion of the timer signal is shorter than the low portion.



F = Timer frequency

TH = Timer signal high

TL = Timer signal low

Timer pulsewidth = $PW / (TH + TL)$

Fig. 11 Timer frequency and timer pulse width

A 2.2.4 Parameter Management

A 2.2.4.1 Save Parameters

`STORE 1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8`

Save the current parameters under the specified number in the flash memory of IF2008/ETH.

A 2.2.4.2 Read Parameters

`READ ALL|DEVICE|MEAS 1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8`

Read the parameters under the specified number from the flash memory of IF2008/ETH.

The volume of data to be loaded must also be specified:

- ALL: All parameters are loaded.
- DEVICE: Only the basic device settings are loaded (interface parameters).
- MEAS: Only the measurement settings are loaded (all properties for the measurement).

A 2.2.4.3 Factory Settings

`SETDEFAULT [ALL] [NODEVICE]`

Reset to factory settings

- ALL: All setups are reset to factory settings. If ALL is not specified, only the current setup is reset.
- NODEVICE: Only the settings for measurements are reset, the settings for interfaces are maintained.

A 2.2.4.4 Restarting IF2008/ETH

RESET

Restarts the IF2008/ETH.

A 2.3 Sensor

A 2.3.1 Settings

A 2.3.1.1 Sensor Channel Baudrate

BAUDRATE_n <Baudrate>

$n = 1 \dots 8$ for the sensor channels 1 to 8.

Setting the interface baud rate on the IF2008/ETH for the respective sensor channel.

The baud rate can be freely adjusted from 9600 bauds to 8 Mbaud. The IF2008/ETH internally selects the next possible baud rate which is supported.

A 2.3.1.2 Sensor Laser Outputs

LASERPOW_n OFF|ON

$n = 1 \dots 8$ for the sensor channels 1 to 8.

Switches the connection for laser activation (pin 8)

- OFF: Laser is off
- ON: Laser is on

A 2.3.1.3 Trigger Outputs

TRIGGEROUTPUT_n LOW|HIGH|TIMER1|TIMER2|TIMER3|INPUT1|INPUT2|INPUT3|INPUT4

$n = 1 \dots 8$ for the sensor channels 1 to 8.

Selects the source for the trigger outputs on the sensor channels (pins 1+2 or pin 9).

- LOW, HIGH: Output has this fixed state
- TIMER1 ... 3: A timer switches the output
- INPUT1 ... 4: Output has the state of a digital input

A 2.3.2 Functions

A 2.3.2.1 Sensor Error Inputs

SENSORERROR

Returns the bit-coded state of the error line (pin 10) of all sensor channels (bit 0 = error state of sensor 1, bit 1 = error state of sensor 2, ...) as a decimal value.

The return value can be between 0 (no sensor reports an error) and 255 (all sensors report an error).

A 2.3.2.2 Tunneling Sensor Commands

TUNNEL_n "..."

$n = 1 \dots 8$ for the sensor channels 1 to 8.

Returns the command in quotation marks to the respective sensor channel. The reply is returned from the data socket.

A quotation mark in the command must be quoted with a backlash, i.e. " -> \". The same applies for a backlash itself, i.e. \ -> \\.

Carriage return can be quoted with \r and line feed with \n. Arbitrary binary sequences are entered with \xhh (hh is a hexadecimal code).

I Sensors with ASCII protocol (e.g. ILD2300) must contain the final \r\n within the quotation marks.

A 2.3.2.3 Tunneling Sensor Commands (ASCII Version)

TUNNELn ...

n = 1 ... 8 for the sensor channel 1 to 8.

Pure ASCII variant of tunnel command for easy entry via e.g. telnet.

The final carriage return of the tunnel command is also sent to the sensor so it recognizes the end of the command sequence.

A 2.4 Encoder**A 2.4.1 Settings****A 2.4.1.1 Encoder Interpolation Type**

ENCINTERPOLn COUNTER|1|2|4

n = 1 ... 8 for the encoder channels 1 to 8.

Setting the interpolation depth of each encoder input.

- COUNTER: Normal counter mode
- 1, 2, 4: Interpolation stage (Single/double/quadruple evaluation)

A 2.4.1.2 Encoder Behavior at Reference

ENCREFn NONE|ONE|EVER|LIMIT

n = 1 ... 8 for the encoder channels 1 to 8.

Setting the effect of encoder reference track.

- NONE: Reference mark of encoder has no effect.
- ONE: Setting once (the encoder value (see ENCVALUEn) is taken over when the reference mark position is reached for the first time).
- EVER: Setting at all mark positions (the encoder value is taken over every time the reference marker position is reached).
- LIMIT: The encoder is limited between 0 and encoder value (see ENCVALUEn). When exceeding the threshold, the value is set to the opposite value (forward encoder value -> 0, backward 0 -> encoder value)

A 2.4.1.3 Encoder Default Value

ENCVALUEn <Encoder value>

n = 1 ... 8 for the encoder channels 1 to 8.

Indicates the value to which the corresponding encoder is to be set when reaching a reference mark position (or via software).

The encoder value can be set between 0 and 4294967295 (UINT_MAX).

A 2.4.1.4 Encoder Counting Direction

ENCDIRn NORMAL|REVERSE

Counting direction of encoder

n = 1 ... 8 for the encoder channels 1 to 8.

- ENCDIR NORMAL: A is counting direction, B is counter clock, C resets the counter reading
- ENCDIR REVERSE: B is counting direction, A is counter clock, C resets the counter

In the **NORMAL** setting, encoder track A determines the counting direction and encoder track B the counter clock; in the **REVERSE** setting, the exact opposite is true. Encoder input C is used to reset the counter to the encoder preset value regardless of the counting direction.

A 2.4.1.5 Encoder Output - Lower Limit Value

ENCTRIGGERMINn [0...4294967295]

n = 5 ... 8 for the encoder channels 5 to 8.

Set or read the lower limit value for encoder output.

- [0...4294967295]: Integer value between 0 and 4294967295

A 2.4.1.6 Encoder Output - Upper Limit Value

ENCTRIGGERMAXn [0...4294967295]

n = 5 ... 8 for the encoder channels 5 to 8.

Set or read the upper limit value for encoder output.

- [0...4294967295]: Integer value between 0 and 4294967295

A 2.4.1.7 Encoder Pulse Width

ENCTRIGGERPULSEWIDTHn [1...65535]

n = 5 ... 8 for the encoder channels 5 to 8.

Set or read the pulse width pulse generator from the encoder.

- [1...65535]: Integer value between 1 and 65535 [μ s]

A 2.4.1.8 Encoder Start

ENCTRIGGERSTARTn NONE [0...4294967295]

n = 5 ... 8 for the encoder channels 5 to 8.

Set or read the start position for encoder output.

- NONE: No start position, encoder output runs freely
- [0...4294967295]: Integer value between 0 and 4294967295

A 2.4.1.9 Encoder Step Size

ENCTRIGGERSTEPSIZE n [0...4294967295]

n = 5 ... 8 for the encoder channels 5 to 8.

Set or read the step size for encoder output.

- [4...4294967295]: Integer value between 4 and 4294967295

A 2.4.1.10 Encoder Detection Source

ENCLATCHSRCn NONE | TIMER1 | TIMER2 | TIMER3 | SENSOR1 | SENSOR2 | SENSOR3 | SENSOR4 | ENCODER5 | ENCODER6 | ENCODER7 | ENCODER8 | INPUT1 | INPUT2 | INPUT3 | INPUT4 | SECONDREF | ANYREF

n = 1 ... 8 for the encoder channels 1 to 8.

Selects the source with which the encoder value is written in the IF2008/ETH FIFO (for continuous recording).

- NONE: No automatic encoder record.
- TIMER1 ... 3: Encoder is recorded using a timer.
- SENSOR1 ... 4: Synchronous encoder record along with data frames of a sensor.
- ENCODER5 ... 8: Synchronous encoder record along with data frames of an encoder.
- SENSOR1 ... 8: Synchronous encoder record along with data frames of a sensor.
- INPUT1 ... 4: Encoder record with rising edge of a digital input.
- SECONDREF: Encoder record when second reference mark is reached.
- ANYREF: Encoder record with each reference mark.

A 2.4.2 Functions

A 2.4.2.1 Set Encoder Value

ENCSET 1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8

Setting the encoder preset values (see ENCVALUE_n) in the indicated encoder.

A 2.4.2.2 Reset Reference Marks

ENCRESET 1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8

Reset the Detection of the First Mark Position (see ENCREF_n).

A 2.4.2.3 Reset Encoder

ENCCLEAR 1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8

Resetting the encoder value to 0 in the indicated encoder.

A 2.4.2.4 Query Encoder Value

GETENCVALUE_n

n = 1 ... 8 for the encoder channels 1 to 8.

Asynchronous read-out of current encoder value. The return value can be between 0 and 4294967295 (UINT_MAX).

A 2.4.2.5 Query Reference Counter

GETENCREF_n

n = 1 ... 8 for the encoder channels 1 to 8.

Request reference counter state.

- NONE: Reference mark not crossed since the last reset.
- FIRST: Reference mark crossed once.
- SECOND: Reference mark crossed several times.

A 2.5 Digital I/O

A 2.5.1 General

A 2.5.1.1 Digital Logic

EXTLEVEL LLL|HLL

Defines the logic level of the digital inputs/outputs

- LLL: Low level logic (Low 0.2 - 0.8 V High 4.5 - 5 V)
- HLL: High level logic (Low 0.2 - 0.8 V High 23.5 - 24 V)

A 2.5.2 Switching Inputs

A 2.5.2.1 Digital Inputs Detection Source

EXTINLATCHSRC NONE|TIMER1|TIMER2|TIMER3|SENSOR1|SENSOR2|SENSOR3|SENSOR4

Selects the source with which the values of the digital inputs are written in the IF2008/ETH FIFO (for continuous record).

- NONE: Digital inputs are not automatically recorded.
- TIMER1 ... 3: Digital inputs are recorded using a timer.
- SENSOR1 ... 4: Synchronous record of digital inputs along with data frames of a sensor.

A 2.5.2.2 Query Digital Inputs

GETEXTINPUT

Asynchronous, bit-coded, decimal read-out of current state of digital inputs (bit 0 = input 1, bit 1 = input 2, ...) as a decimal value. The return value can be between 0 and 15.

A 2.5.2.3 Programming Digital Input 1

EXTINPUTMODE1 NONE|LASERPOW

Function of digital input 1

- NONE: No special function
- LASERPOW: Switches the cable for laser activation in all channels (is AND-linked with LASERPOW_n, i.e. only when both signals are on, laser is on.)

A 2.5.2.4 Programming Digital Input 2

EXTINPUTMODE2 NONE|FIFO GATE

Function of digital input 2

- NONE: No special function
- FIFO GATE: Locks the IF2008/ETH FIFO with high signal for the sensor/encoder channels 1 - 4

A 2.5.2.5 Programming Digital Input 3

EXTINPUTMODE3 NONE|FIFO GATE

Function of digital input 3

- NONE: No special function
- FIFO GATE: Locks the IF2008/ETH FIFO with high signal for the sensor/encoder channels 5 - 8

A 2.5.3 Switching Outputs

A 2.5.3.1 Programming Digital Outputs

EXTOUTSRC_n LOW|HIGH|TIMER1|TIMER2|TIMER3

$n = 1 \dots 4$ for the digital outputs 1 to 4

Selects the source for the digital outputs

- LOW, HIGH: Output has this fixed state
- TIMER1 ... 3: Output is switched using the corresponding timer.

A 2.6 Measurement Data Transmission to a Measurement Value Server, Measurement Value Block

Each data packet includes a header (28 bytes) and the following data:

Preamble (32 bits)	
Article number (32 bits)	
Serial number (32 bits)	
Flags 1 (32 bits)	
Flags 2 (32 bits)	
Number of tuples (16 bits)	Bytes per tuple (16 bits)
Counter (32 bits)	

Fig. 12 Measurement value block header

Header registration	Description
Preamble (32 bit)	MEAS
Article number (32 bit)	2213030
Serial number (32 bit)	32 bits
Flags 1 (32 bit)	Bit 0 ... 15: Respectively two bits describe a data channel. 00 = off, 01 = Encoder, 10 = Sensor, 11 = Reserved (CHANNELMODEn), Bit 16: Indicates if digital values are active. (EXTINLATCHSRC) Bit 17 ... 30: reserved, always 0 Bit 31: Indicates whether an overflow has occurred in the FIFO of the IF2008/ETH (data loss)
Flags 2 (32 bit)	Reserved, permanent 0
Number of tuples (16 Bit)	Number of tuples in packet
Bytes per tuple (16 Bit)	2 (each tuple consists of 2 bytes)
Counter (32 Bit)	Global, continuous tuple counter for all packets. The first packet has the value 0, so it will only be incremented after output.

Fig. 13 Inputs in the measurement value block header

Data:

Each sensor byte is equipped with another address byte and stored as tuple (first address and then data byte).

Address byte (8 bits):	Bits 0 ... 2:	Byte counter (0 - 7), starts from 0 after every break and stops at 7 with longer data frames from a sensor.
	Bits 3 ... 5:	Sensor/encoder channel (0 - 7) corresponds to the channel 1 to 8
	Bits 6 ... 7:	Data source: 00 = sensor, 01 = encoder, 10 = DigitalIn, 11 = reserved
Data byte (8 bits):		As received by the sensor

Encoder transmission is always with 32 bits, i.e. four successive tuples.

DigitalIn is transmitted with 4 bits (upper four bits are 0), i.e. one tuple.



MICRO-EPSILON MESSTECHNIK GmbH & Co. KG
Koenigbacher Str. 15 · 94496 Ortenburg / Germany
Tel. +49 (0) 8542 / 168-0 · Fax +49 (0) 8542 / 168-90
info@micro-epsilon.com · www.micro-epsilon.com
Your local contact: www.micro-epsilon.com/contact/worldwide/

X9751379-A042115HDR
© MICRO-EPSILON MESSTECHNIK